Maths, EYFS, Reception

| Maths, EYFS, Reception |  |
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| Early Years Outcomes (40-60+ months) |  |
| Numbers | Shape, Space and Measures |
| Recognise number of personal significance. <br> Recognise numerals 1-5. <br> Count up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. <br> Count actions or objects that can not be moved. <br> Count objects up to 10 and begin to count beyond 10 . <br> Count up to six objects from a larger group. <br> Select the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5 , then 1 to 10 objects. <br> Count an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. <br> Use the language of more or fewer to compare sets of objects. <br> Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting them. <br> Say the number that is one more than a given number. | Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2-D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes. <br> Selects a particular named shape. <br> Can describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'. <br> Orders two or three items by length or height. <br> Orders two items by weight or capacity. <br> Uses familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. <br> Uses everyday language related to time. <br> Beginning to use everyday language related to money. <br> Orders and sequences familiar events. <br> Measures short periods of time in simple ways. |
| Early Learning Goal: Children count reliably with numbers from 1 to 20, place them I order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems including doubling, halving and sharing. | Early Learning Goal: Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them. |

## Maths, Key Stage 1, Year 1

## Prior Knowledge - Early Learning Goals

Early Learning Goals - Number: Children count reliably with numbers from 1 to 20 , place them I order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using qualve problems including doubling, halving and sharing

| Number and Place |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Value |$\quad$| Addition and <br> Subtraction | Multiplication <br> and Division |
| :--- | :--- |

Early Learning Goal - SSM: Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.

| Measurement | Properties of Shape | Position and Direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <br> lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, <br> tall/short, double/half] <br> mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] <br> - capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less <br> than, half, half full, quarter] <br> - time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] <br> Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights, mass/weight, capacity and volume, time (hours, minutes, seconds) <br> Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] <br> Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands |  | Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and threequarter turns. |

Maths, Key Stage 1, Year 2

| Maths, Key Stage 1, Year 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior Knowledge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (Y1) Solve on--step problem division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, arrays with the support of the teacher. |  | (Yy) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: tengths and heights fio example, longlishort, longerlshorter, -lenghs and heights fif tallishort, doublellafif <br> - mass/weight firo example, heavylight, heavier than, lighter <br> - capacity and volume for example, fulllempty, more than, less <br> - capacity and volume firer <br> than, , half, half full, quarter] - time for example, quicker, slower, earier, later] <br> (Y1) Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights, mass/weight, capacity and volume, time (hours, minutes, seconds) <br> (Y1) Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes of coins and notes <br> (Y1) Sequence events in chronological order using language <br> ffor example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morring, afternoon and eveningl <br> (Y1) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including <br> (Y1) Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Y1) Describe position, } \\ & \text { direction and movement, } \\ & \text { including whole, half, quarter } \\ & \text { and three- quarter turns. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Number and Place Value | Addition and Subtraction | Multiplication and Division | Fractions | Measurement | Properties of Shape | Position and Direction | Statistics |
|  |  |  | Recognise, find, name and write fractions: $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$. | Choose and use appropriate standard units to estmae and measure lengeth/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (itres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, Compare and order lengths, mass, voessels and record the results using $>$, < and $=$ <br> Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $\mathcal{\xi}$ ) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money <br> Solve simple problems in a practical context the same unit including giving change Compare and sequence intervals of time <br> Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a Know the to show these times number number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day | Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] $\qquad$ and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. |  | Interpret and construc charts, block diagrams and simple tables <br> Ask and answer simple questions by counting each category and sorting the categories by quantity <br> Ask and answer totalling comparing categorical data. |

Maths, Key Stage 2, Year 3

| Prior Knowledge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Number and Place Value | Addition and | Multiplication and Division | Fractions | Measurement | Properties of Shape | Position and Direction | Statistics |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Maths, Key Stage 2, Year 4



Maths, Key Stage 2, Year 5

Maths, Key Stage 2, Year 6

| Prior Knowledge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Y5) Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction <br> numbers mentally with (Y5) Use rounding numbers. $\qquad$ determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br> (Y5) Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. |  | (Y5) Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all mutiples of the same number. (Y5) Identify, name and write equivalent tractions of a aiven fractio represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. (Y5) Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions (Y5) Recognise mixed numbers and improper fraction and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements. <br> (Y5) Add and subtract fractions with the same <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { same number. } & \text { (Y5) Multiply proper fractions and }\end{array}$ mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 write 71/100. Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. (Y5) Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. to three decimal places. (Y5) Solve problems involving number up to three (Y5) Recognis understand that per (\%) and hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with per (Y5) Solor 100, and as a decimal. <br> and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 41 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . | (Y5) Convert between different units of and metre; centimetre and metre; kilogram; litre and millilitre). (Y5) Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and pounds and pints. (Y5) Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in (Y5) Calcu and metres rectangles (including squares) area of including using standard units, square and estimate the area of irregular shapes. 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] Solve problems involving converting (Y5) Use all four (Y5) Use all four operations to solve length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. |  |  |  |
| Number and Place Value | Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division. |  | Fractions, Decimals, Percentages | Measurement | $\begin{gathered} \text { Geometry } \\ \text { Properties of Shape } \end{gathered}$ | Position and Direction | Statistics |
| Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and <br> each digit. Round any whole number to a required degree negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero Solve number and involve all of the above | Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by formal written method of long multiplication whole number remainders, fractions, or by roun numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number division where appropriate, interpreting rem mental calculations, including with mixed operai factors, common multiples and prime numbers. operations to carry out calculations involving the subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, to use and why. Solve problems involving add Use estimation to check answers to calculat problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy <br> Ratio and <br> Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two found by using integer multiplication and division calculation of percentages [for example, of use of percentages for comparison. Solve p grouping using knowledge of fractions and | two-digit whole number using the ivide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit g, as appropriate for the context. Divide sing the formal written method of short ders according to the context. Perform $s$ and large numbers. Identify common ur operations. Solve addition and ciding which operations and methods $s$ and determine, in the context of a <br> oportion <br> quantities where missing values can be acts. Solve problems involving the ems involving similar shapes where the lems involving unequal sharing and tiples. | Use common factors to simplify fractions; use same denomination. Compare and order fractions, including fractions >1. Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form. Divide proper fractions by whole numbers. Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents. Identify the value of each digitit in multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places. Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. | Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units up to three decimal places where appropriate. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa using decimal notation to up to between miles and kilometres Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units. | Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. Recognise, 3-D shapes, including making nets. Compare and classify geometric properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles regular polygons illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. find missing angles. | Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axis. <br> Algebra <br> Use simple formulae. Generate and describe Express missing number problems algebraically. Find pairs of numbers satisfy an equation with two unknowns. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. |  |

